# Year 5 - Long Term Planning. National Curriculum Planning 2023-24 St. Patrick's Catholic Primary School- Christ is the centre of our school where we live, love and learn together.



# **English**

# Reading

- Read a range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction; myths, legends, traditional stories, modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage and other cultures
- Learn a wider range of poetry by heart; prepare poems / plays to perform; explore
  meaning of words; justify with evidence; make predictions; summarise main ideas.

#### Grammar

- Use prefixes and suffixes; spell words with 'silent' letters; use homophones; use dictionaries and thesauruses
- use correct tense and convert nouns / adjectives into verbs using suffixes
- use relative clauses; use modal verbs or using adverbials or tense choices; use brackets, dashes or commas; use expanded noun phrases

#### Writing

- Write a story with a clear narrative voice using dialogue to build character and move the action
- Write in role as a character from a story
- Plan and write their own version of a familiar story
- Plan and retell a familiar story from the point of view of another character
- Write a story with a strong central character using 'show not tell' techniques
- Write a story demonstrating awareness of audience
- Write a report with a clear audience and form
- Write a persuasive text
- Write an explanation text
- Write a narrative recount (diary)
- Plan, compose an edit a balanced discussion
- Write a linear procedural text

### Speaking & Listening

- Engage in longer and sustained discussions about a range of topics.
- Ask questions and give opinions in order to take part in discussions

# Maths

#### **Number and Place Value**

- Read, write, order, compare numbers to at least 1 000 000
- Count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10
- Negative numbers and Roman numerals
- Round numbers up to 1 000 000 to nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10 000 and 100 000

#### Addition and Subtraction

• + and - numbers with more than 4 digits and solve + and - multistep problems **Multiplication and Division** 

- Identify multiples, factors, prime numbers, square and cube numbers.
- Multiply and divide numbers up to 4 digits by a 1 or 2 digit number
- x and ÷ numbers and decimals by 10, 100, 1000
- Solve +, -, x, ÷ problems

#### Fractions, decimals, percentages

- Compare/ order fractions/+ and fractions; multiply fractions
- Equivalent fractions and recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions
- Read / write decimal numbers as fractions and round decimals with 2dps
- Read, write, order, compare numbers with up to 3dps
- Recognize %; write % as fractions / decimals

#### Measurement

Convert units of measure; calculate perimeter , area, volume and capacity

# Geometry

• 3D shapes , acute, obtuse, reflex angles ,reflection and translation

#### Statistics

• Solve problems from line graphs; complete, read and interpret information

To apply reasoning, problem solving and investigation to all of the above.

P.E.

# PSHE

Developing moral, relationship and social skills

<u>ICT</u>

Computing systems and networks

MFL

• Children will be taught Spanish.

- Develop running, jumping, throwing and catching; play competitive games-[rugby, football]
   Develop flexibility, strength control, balance, perform dances[gymnastics, dance]
   Take part in outdoor activity challenges [orienteering]
   Swim a distance of at least 25 metres
- Topics also link with Computing and Science
   Topics such a Keeping Se
- Topics such a Keeping Safe, puberty etc
- (Teamwork; sharing a document; slide presentations; Google forms; shared spread sheets).
- Programming Further coding with scratch (Scratch reminder; identifying what code does; variables; times tables project).
- Website Design (Site skills; creating a web page; Planning and creating a website).
- HTML (Remixing; changing HTML and CSS; Complex components; replacing images).
- Computational thinking (Decomposition; abstract and pattern recognition; algorithm design).
- Data handling (Investigating weather).

Respect-linked with RE
Tolerance - linked with RE

British Laws –linked with Ancient Greece topic

Democracy –linked with Ancient Greece topic

Individual Liberty –linked with Ancient Greece topic

• Online Safety.

**SMSC- British Values** 

- Children will be able to listen to spoken language, join in and respond.
- They will explore patterns and sounds of the language through song and rhyme, while linking spellings, sounds and meanings.
- They will be able to engage in conversation, speak in sentences and develop accurate pronunciation and intonation.

# <u>R.E.</u>

# Christianity

- Ourselves
- Sikhism Other Faiths
- Sacramental Preparation Reconciliation
- Hope
- Mission
- Sacramental Preparation The Holy Eucharist.
- Sacrifice
- Transformation
- Freedom and responsibility
- Stewardship

# **Other Religions**

Sikhism, Judaism, Islam

# <u>History</u> The Romans

Children to understand:

# Music

 Play and perform, using voices and playing musical instruments

# Science

# Working scientifically

Plan scientific enquiry; recognise variables; take measurements; record data /results; use test results to make predictions; set up fair tests; present findings

# Living things and their habitats and Animals, including humans

• Life cycles and reproduction; changes as humans develop to old age.

#### Properties and changes of materials and Forces

- Compare materials, separate mixtures; dissolving, irreversible and reversible changes
- Gravity; identify effects of air / water resistance / friction, forces in mechanisms

#### Earth and space

• Movement of Earth relative to Sun and Moon relative to Earth; explain day / night

- The Romans and where they came from
- The Roman Empire and its army
- The Romans invaded Britain
- British resistance Boudicca
- Onwards and upwards!
- 'Romanisation' of Britain how it changed

# Chronology

Show their increasing knowledge and understanding of the past by:

- Using specialist dates and terms, and by placing the Romans and events studied into different periods (century, decade, Roman, BC, AD, BCE, CE...).
- Making some links between and across periods from Iron Age to Roman invasion and settlement, including aspects such as the differences between clothes, food, buildings or transport.
- Identifying where the Roman period fits into a chronological framework by noting connections, trends and contrasts over time.

#### Communicating history

(Including tier 2 vocabulary and tier 3 vocabulary)

- Ask and answer questions using appropriate historical language and specialist terms.
- Construct responses that are formed from relevant historical facts and sources.
- Demonstrate a knowledge of how things change over time using relevant historical data and terms, including dates and terminology.

Investigating the past

- improvise and compose music
- use musical notations;
- develop understanding of history of music
- Units: Rock, Classroom Jazz, Pop ,Hip Hop, Motown,

Interpretation of evidence and enquiry (source tasks)

- Understand some of the methods of historical enquiry, and how evidence is used to make detailed observations, finding answers to questions about the past.
- Understand some of the methods of historical enquiry, how evidence is used to make historical claims.

Thinking like a historian

Change and continuity - what has changed or remained the same within this period and between others? Are there similarities/ differences between certain periods/societies? How was this change brought about?

**Cause and consequence** - what were the causes of events in the past and their effects? Identify and give reasons for and results of historical events, situations and changes.

**Significance** - what is the significance of certain people/events? How does our understanding of the past help us to make sense of the present?

# **Anglo Saxons and Vikings**

Children to understand:

- Arrival of the Anglo Saxons
- Life in an Anglo Saxon settlement
- The arrival of Christianity
- Lindisfarne Priory
- Monks of Lindisfarne
- The arrival of the Vikings
- How did life change for the Anglo Saxons in the North of England?

# Chronology

 Pupils place the Anglo Saxons in time, discussing their chronology on a

- timeline in relation to other time periods.
- Pupils use specialist terms such as BC,
   AD, decade, century etc. in their explanation of chronology.
- Pupils identify the influence the Anglo Saxons had on England during their time.

# Communicating history

- Use historical terms and vocabulary (including tier 2 vocabulary and tier 3 vocabulary).
- Ask and answer questions.
- Construct arguments and reach conclusions.

# Investigating the past

- Interpretation of evidence through analysis of historical sources from the time
- Making inferences from sources about what they tell us about the past.
- Conduct historical enquiry about the reliability of sources.

# Thinking like a historian

- Change and continuity what has changed or remained the same within this period and between others? Are there similarities/ differences between certain periods? How was this change brought about?
- Cause and consequence what were the causes of events in the past and their effects?
- Significance what is the significance of certain people/events? How does our understanding of the past help us to make sense of the present?

# **Art & Design**

- Create sketch books to record observations and use them to review and revisit ideas
- Improve mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting
  and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal,
  paint, clay] designing for a purpose -room interior/ coat of arms,
  Designing like an architect
- Learn about great artists, architects and designers in history Every picture tells a story Banksey and Rorschach

# Geography

# **Volcanoes and Earthquakes**

Children to understand:

- Structure of the earth and location of famous volcanoes
- Structure and features of a volcano
- Effects of a volcanic eruption
- Effects of an earthquake
- Reducing the effects of tectonic hazards
- Reasons for living in a tectonic area

# Location and place knowledge:

- Global distribution of volcanoes and earthquakes.
- Location of famous volcanoes of the world
- Investigating why Haiti and Japan had different impacts from an earthquake.
- Investigating how places predict, prepare and prevent tectonic hazards

# Geographical techniques:

(Including tier 2 vocabulary and tier 3 vocabulary)

- Interpret a range of sources of geographical information, including maps, diagrams, globes, aerial photographs
- Communicate information in a variety of ways, including through maps and writing at length
- Ask and answer questions using a range of methods to describe features studied.

# Physical features and processes:

- Physical features of earthquakes and volcanoes
- Identify past and present physical features.

# **Design Technology**

- Design generate, develop, model and communicate ideas, using annotated sketches and prototypes.
- Make select equipment and materials
- Evaluate existing products
- Mechanisms pop up books, electrical greeting cards
- Cooking and nutritionhealthy bolognaise

Differences between settlements.

Human interaction with the environment:

- Effects of volcanoes on people and the environment.
- Effects of earthquakes on people, the environment and the economy.

# **Natural resources**

Children to understand:

- Identifying natural resources and their uses
- Comparing renewable and nonrenewable resources
- Identifying factors contributing to uneven resource distribution
- Describing food insecurity and recognising the factors that affect it
- Recognising where water comes from and factors water scarcity
- Understanding non-renewable energy and how it is harmful to the environment
- Understanding renewable energy and how it benefits the environment

Location and place knowledge:

- Understand geographical similarities and differences through the studying of human and physical geography.
- Investigate consumption patterns globally and understand why there are variations.

Geographical techniques

(Including tier 2 vocabulary and tier 3 vocabulary)

 Interpret a range of sources of geographical information, including maps, diagrams, globes.

<ul> <li>Communicate information in a variety of ways, including through maps, numerical and quantitative skills and writing at length</li> <li>Ask and answer questions using a range of methods to describe features studied.</li> <li>Physical features and processes</li> <li>The formation of resources.</li> <li>How location can determine access to resources.</li> <li>Identify the physical reasons for why we have a world of 'haves' and 'have nots'.</li> </ul>	
Human interaction and the environment  Uses of resources  Access to resources  The impacts of using resources.	